

# Embedding Causal Block Diagrams Within Behaviour Trees

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# Outline

Problem to Address

Proposal

Formalisms Used

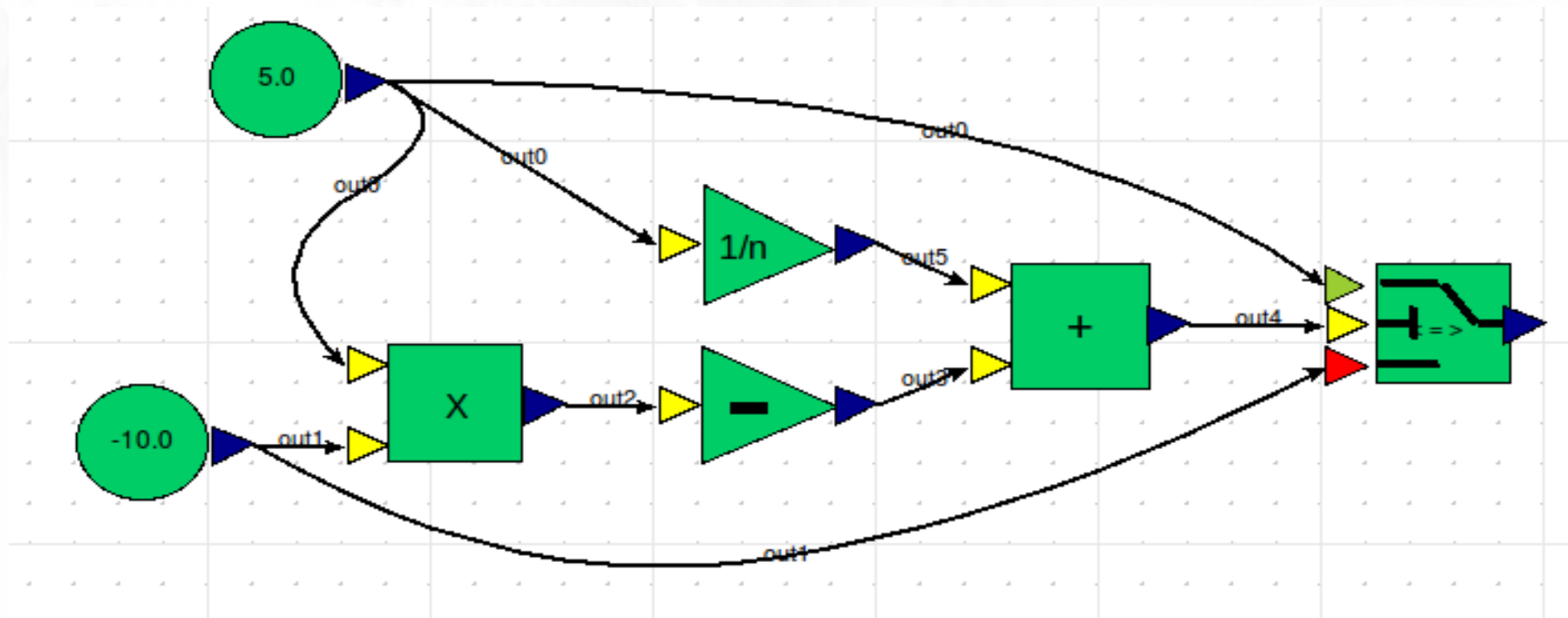
Experiments

Results

Future Work

Conclusion

# Causal Block Diagrams



Blocks compute values at each time step  
Outputs connected to inputs

# Problem

===== Signals Dumping Begin =====

multiply0 Product [0.1, -0.0, -0.011, -0.022, -0.032, -0.043]  
secondmultiply Product [0.0, 0.11, 0.110, 0.108, 0.106, 0.103]  
delay0 Delay [1.0, -0.0, -0.11, -0.22, -0.328, -0.435, -0.539]

===== Signals Dumping End =====

How do we visualize/connect to simulation?

# Proposal

Find formalism to embed causal blocks into

## **Criteria:**

Equivalent

One-to-one representation?

Increase in power?

Easily understood/changed

Easy to visualize (model/simulation)

# Behaviour Trees

Each agent in a simulation has a tree

Query tree to determine action of agent

Starting at root node:

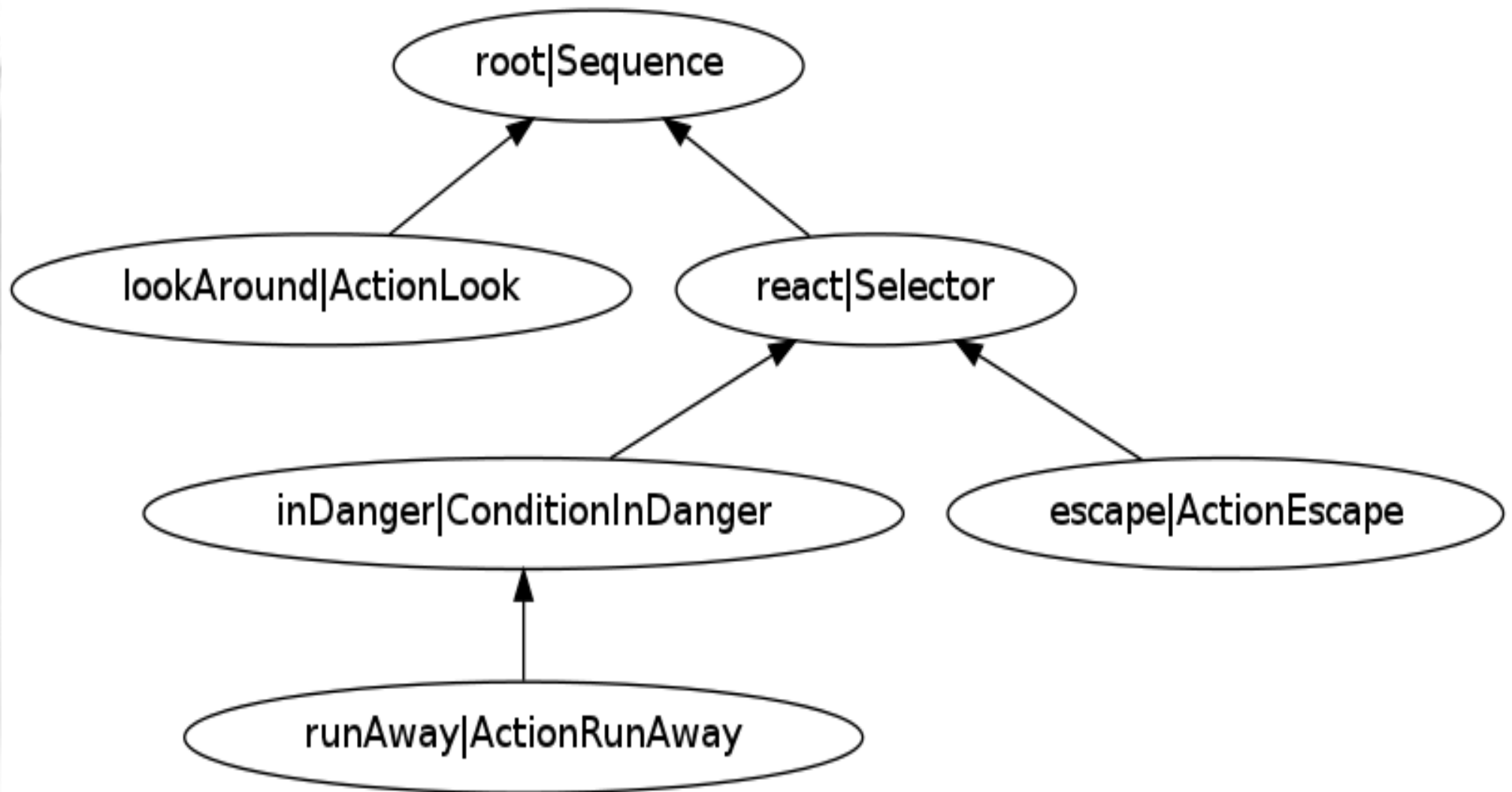
Each node will:

Query children

Perform action

Return true/false

# Behaviour Tree Example



# BT Advantages

Easy to construct/rearrange trees

Used in video games: Halo 2/Spore

Trees can control animation/sounds/AI

Merge calculations with higher-level control

Lazy evaluation

Don't solve everything at once



# Similarities to CBD

Both have nice tree structure

- Modular design

- Combine nodes for any function

- Values are passed up tree

Exploration of a formal equivalence

- CBD → Behaviour tree

- Behaviour tree → CBD

# Differences

Algebraic loops in behaviour tree?

Special handling required

Not implemented in project

Only true/false value passed up

Easily fixed → change to float

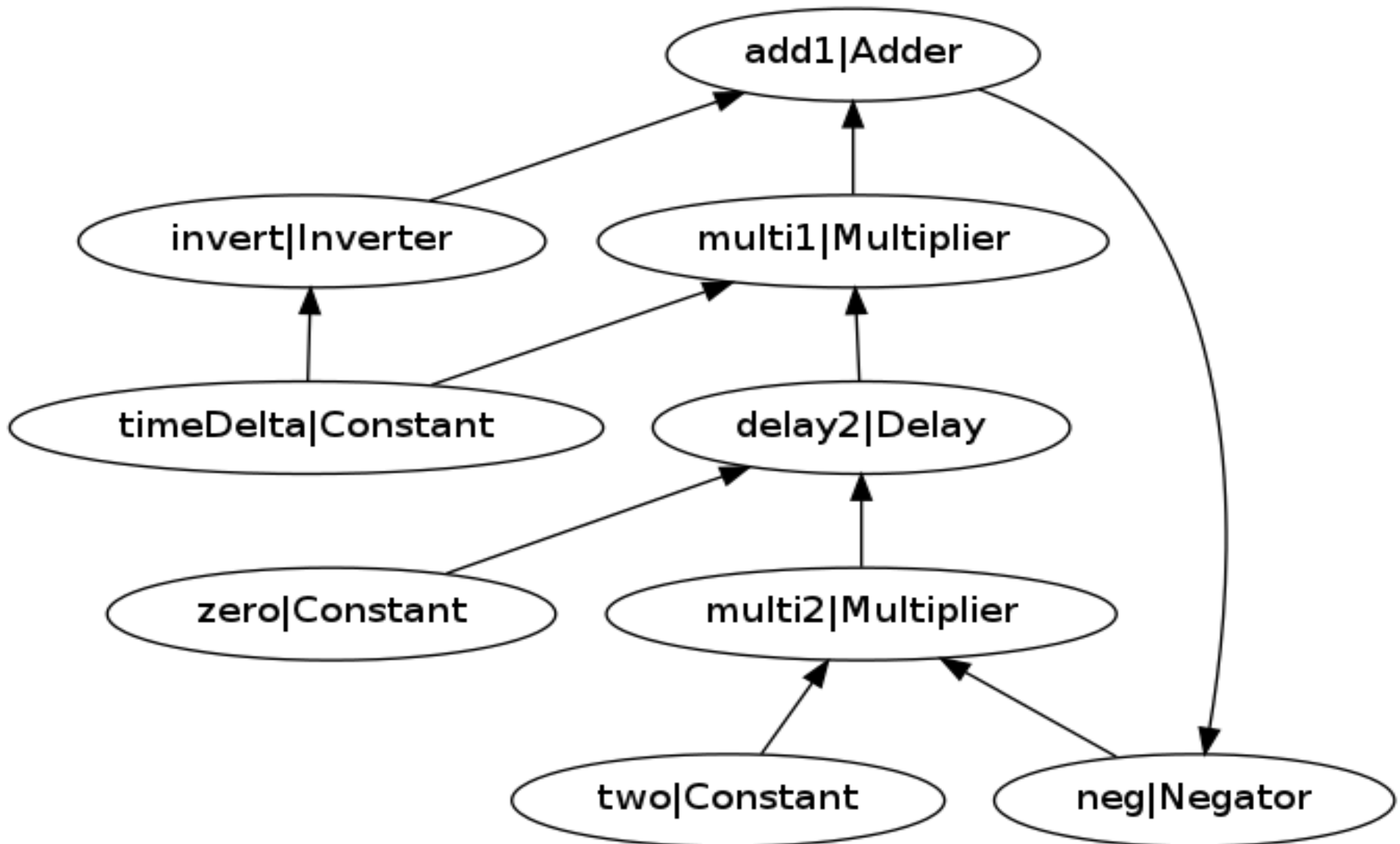
0 is false, anything else is true

# Embedding

CBD blocks map onto BH nodes directly

- Adder
- Multiplier
- Inverter
- Negator
- Constant
- Test
- Delay
- Integrator/Derivative\*

# Sample Embedding



# Embedding

Multiplier node update():

If children.size == 0  
    output = 0

Result = 1

For Child c in children  
    Result \*= c.update()

Output = result

# Experiments

## **Circle Test:**

Use integrators to draw  $x(t)$  vs  $dx/dt(t)$

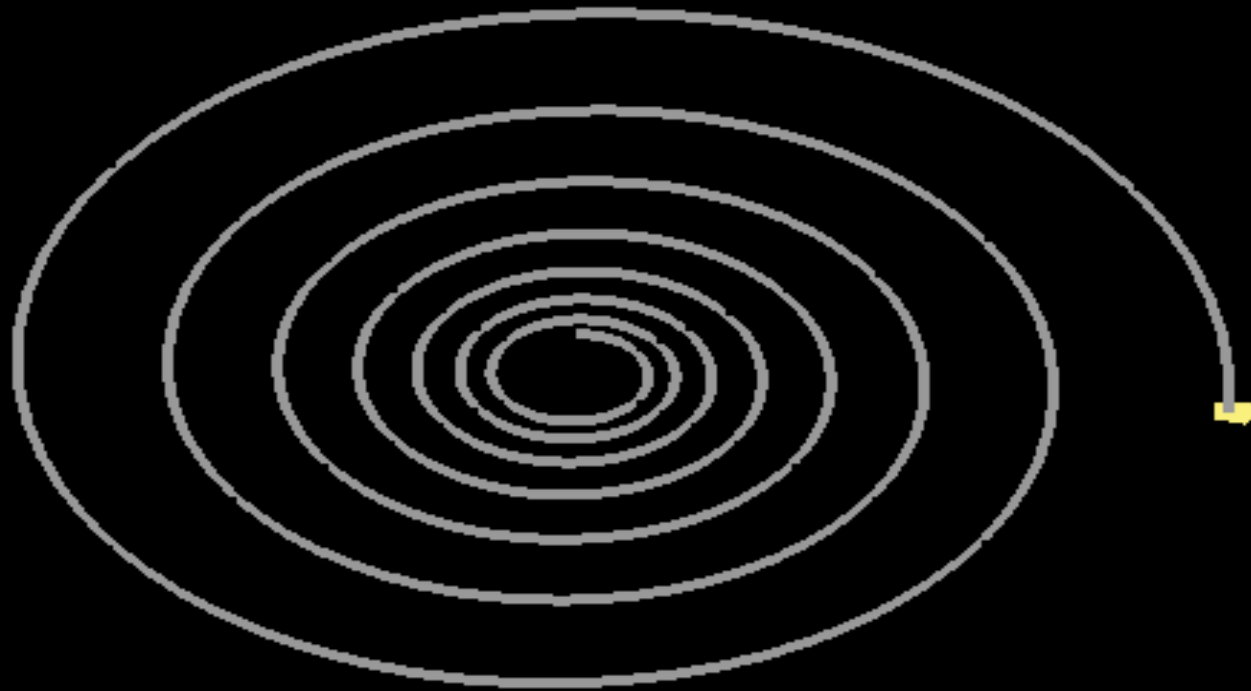
## **Personal Space:**

Many agents in world

One agent walks from start to goal

All agents move away from each other

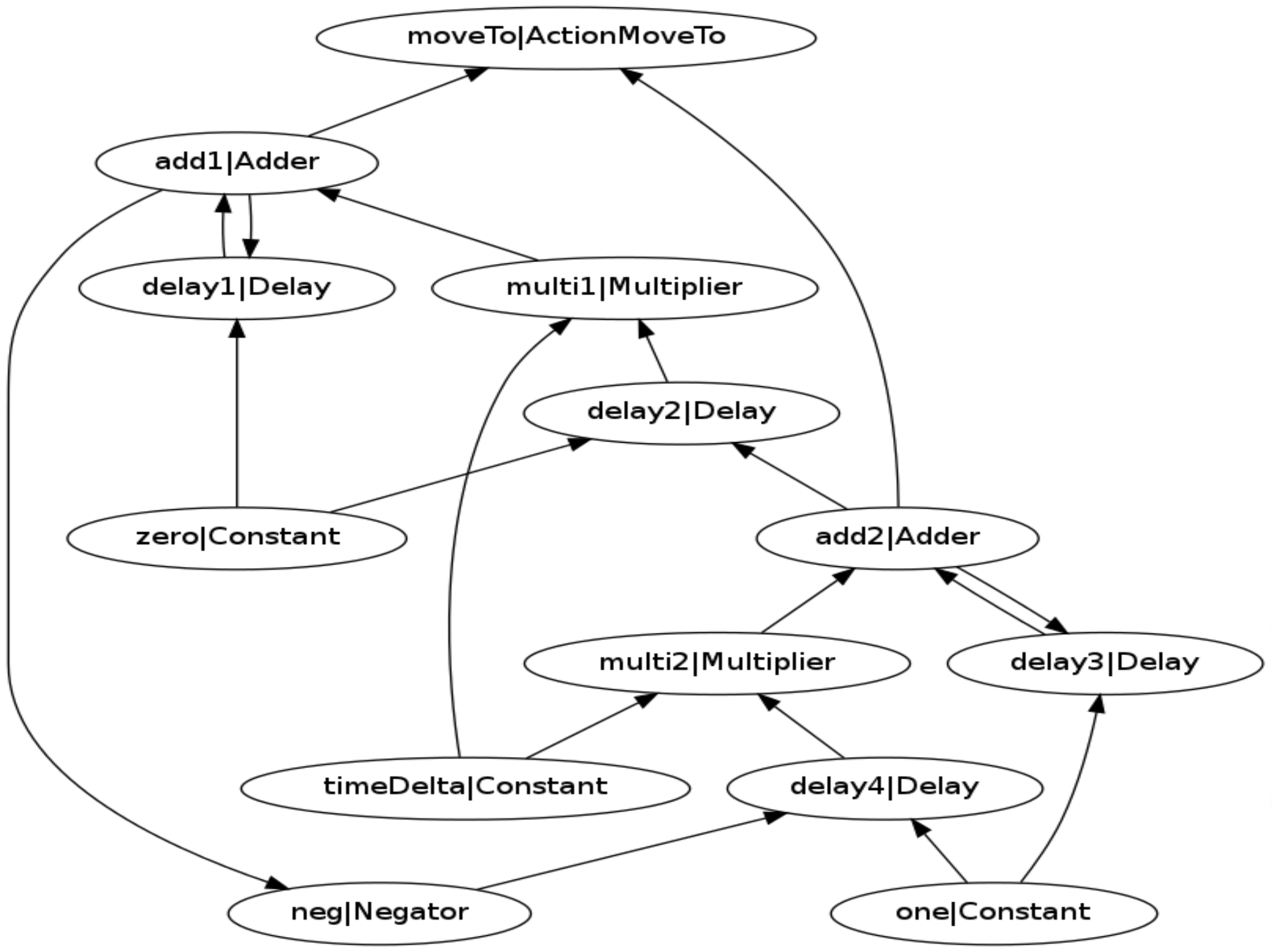
# Results – Circle Test



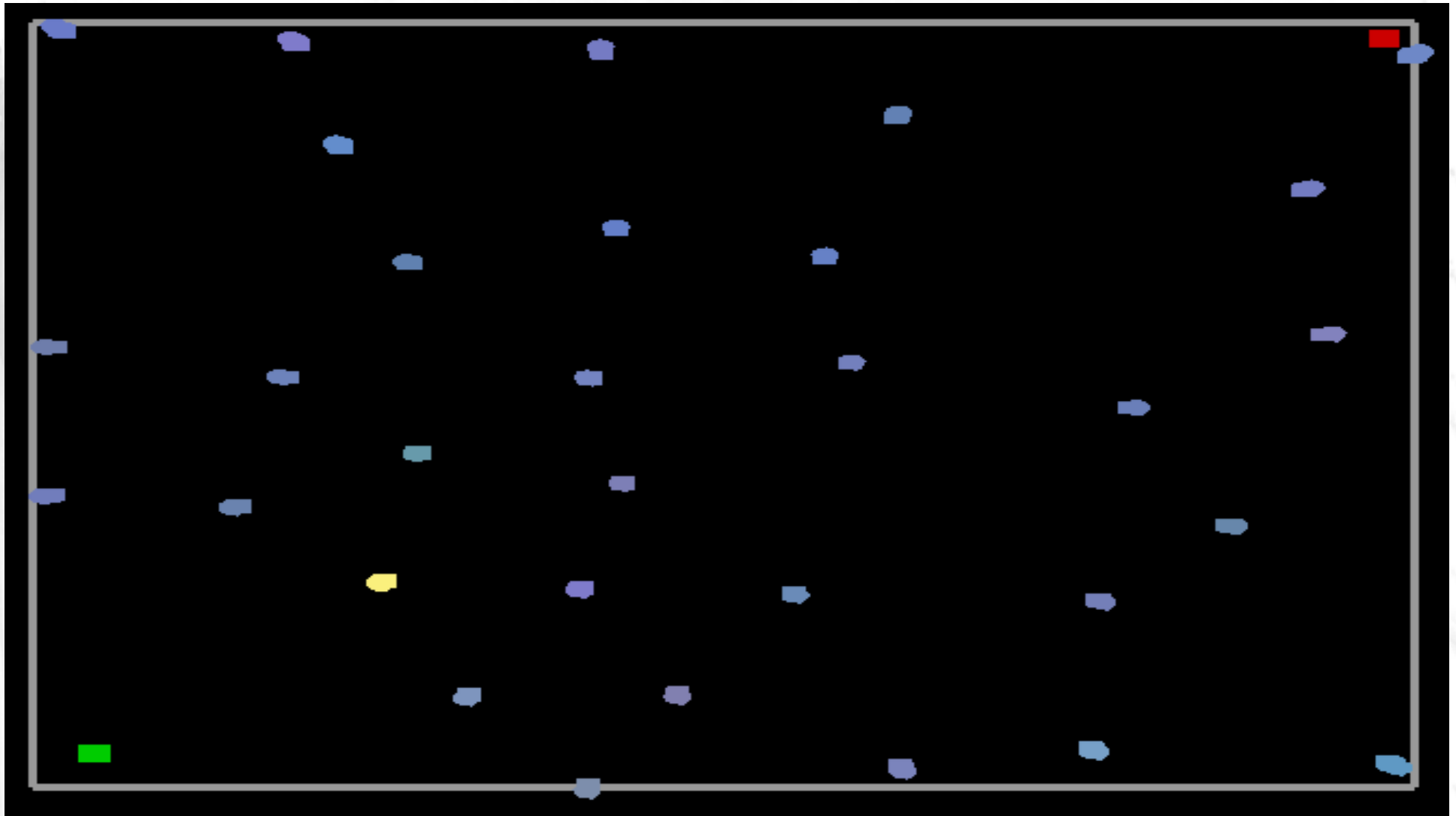
# Results – Circle Test







# Results – Personal Space



# Results – Personal Space



# Future Work

Detect algebraic loops

Implement behaviour trees in Atom3

Add detail to model visualization

Explore formal equivalence

# Conclusion

Behaviour trees add lots of power

Control flow

Handle animation/events

Superset of CBD?

Visualization needed

Evolution of values

Hook into simulation

# References

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Damian Isla. Managing complexity in the Halo 2 AI system. In Proceedings of the Game Developers Conference, 2005.

Chong-U Lim. An A.I. Player for DEFCON: An Evolutionary Approach Using Behavior Trees.  
Imperial College, London.

# Questions?